

E-Justice in the European Union How are experts concerned?

Study of EuroExpert on current developments in different EU-countries

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Participating countries

- AUSTRIA
- CROATIA
- CZECH REPUBLIC
- GERMANY
- ITALY
- NETHERLANDS
- POLAND
- PORTUGAL
- SPAIN
- SWITZERLAND
- UNITED KINGDOM



Main Results

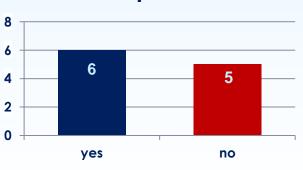
Different Degree of progress in the responding Countries

- Ranging from implemented to not even taken into consideration
- In some Countries legally implemented, but not in practise
- Main reason for not taking in to account: no widespread use in the legal community

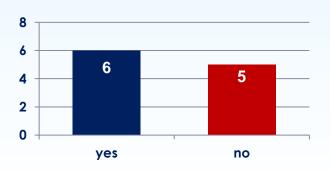


Q1 Is it currently permitted to use electronic communications in the legal process including the courts for the submission of:

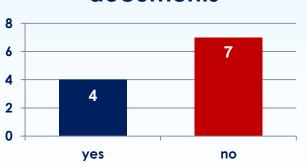
Q1.1: Instructions to Experts



Q1.2: Experts Reports



Q1.3: Other legal documents



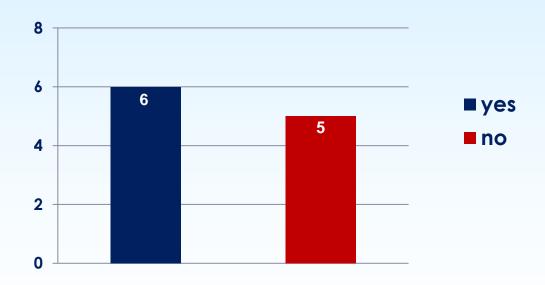


Q2 -> Typical technical constraints:

- ID Card
- Electronic signature
- Guarantees for protection of documents or identity resulting from EU regulation 2014/910 on electronic identification (eID) and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market (eIDAS)



Q4 → If electronic transmission is or will be permitted, is or will its use mandatory for Experts?





Q5 → Has your Organisation or another Expert Organisation been involved in the development of standards or Protocols for its use?

